

DRAFT

COMPARISON

OF THE

WHO ATC CLASSIFICATION

&

EphMRA/PBIRG ANATOMICAL CLASSIFICATION:

Comparison of the WHO ATC Classification and EphMRA / PBIRG Anatomical Classification

The following booklet is designed to improve the understanding of the two classification systems. The development of the two systems had previously taken place separately. EphMRA and WHO are now working together to ensure that there is a convergence of the 2 systems rather than a divergence.

In order to better understand the two classification systems, we should pay attention to the way in which substances/products are classified.

WHO mainly classifies <u>substances</u> according to the therapeutic or pharmaceutical aspects and in one class only (particular formulations or strengths can be given separate codes, e.g. clonidine in C02A as antihypertensive agent, N02C as anti-migraine product and S01E as ophthalmic product).

EphMRA classifies **products**, mainly according to their indications and use. Therefore, it is possible to find the same compound in several classes, depending on the product, e.g., NAPROXEN tablets can be classified in M1A (antirheumatic), N2B (analgesic) and G2C if indicated for gynaecological conditions only.

The purposes of classification are also different:

The main purpose of the WHO classification is for international drug utilisation research and for adverse drug reaction monitoring.

This classification is recommended by the WHO for use in international drug utilisation research.

The EphMRA/PBIRG classification has a primary objective to satisfy the marketing needs of the pharmaceutical companies. Therefore, a direct comparison is sometimes difficult due to the different nature and purpose of the two systems.

The aim of harmonisation is to reach a "full" agreement of <u>all mono</u> <u>substances in a given class</u> as listed in the WHO ATC Index, mainly at <u>third</u> level: whenever this is not possible, or harmonisation of third level is

too difficult or makes no sense (e.g. C2, R3), the second level will be taken as the reference class.

Harmonisation is not a simple adaptation of two systems; harmonisation is clearly an improvement of the existing systems.

In view of the increasing use of the WHO classification by national and international authorities and institutions with different objectives, it is opportune to have a harmonised classification.

The main benefit is that all parties involved in a given topic, use the same definitions, same substances, and therefore the discussions are easier.

In line with the harmonisation procedure of WHO/EphMRA, this booklet has been prepared to facilitate cross-comparison. The comparison has been based on the WHO guidelines. Whenever possible, we have checked all molecules included in the current WHO/ATC Index with the EphMRA coding.

We have tried to simplify the document and for this reason and according to the pre-agreed mandate of harmonisation, only the 3rd level has been used as a point of reference.

However, in some cases (e.g. A2B1 antiulcer and group L) we have also mentioned the 4th levels in our comparison.

Where the two groups are similar, on the EphMRA side only the code and the title has been added.

Where a difference exists, this has been notified using the following symbols:

- ❖ This class/code does not exist (e.g. A03B)
- The heading or the content of this class may be different (e.g. N5C).
- These substances are classified in a different class.
- + This class is covered by more than one EphMRA/PBIRG or WHO class

A lot of discrepancies concern rather obsolete products for which there is no need for harmonisation (e.g. products withdrawn from the market, sales of minor importance).

We hope this booklet will improve both the use and understanding of the two systems, in particular for those companies in which the two systems are used by different departments (medical and marketing).

The Committee has tried to make a comprehensive comparison of both systems, but cannot guarantee a 100% level of accuracy.

For complete guidelines on the WHO ATC systems refer to "Guidelines for ATC classification" and for the EphMRA/PBIRG Anatomical classification system refer to "EphMRA / PBIRG classification".

To obtain the guidelines please contact:

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	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
A	ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM	A	ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM
A01	STOMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	A1	STOMATOLOGICALS, MOUTH PREPARATIONS, MEDICINAL DENTIFRICES ETC.
A01A	STOMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	A1A	STOMATOLOGICALS
	Preparations for the treatment of throat infections (lozenges for common cold conditions) are classified in R02 - Throat preparations.	+	➤ Products indicated for both the posterior part of the mouth and throat infections are classified in R2A or A1A depending on their main indication.
	Cevimeline is classified in N7A.		Cevimeline is classified here.
*		A1B	MOUTH ANTIFUNGALS
A02	DRUGS FOR ACID RELATED DISORDERS	A2	ANTACIDS, ANTIFLATULENTS AND ANTI-ULCERANTS
A02A	ANTACIDS	A2A	ANTACIDS, ANTIFLATULENTS, CARMINATIVES
	➤ Plain antiflatulents, see A02BX		➤ Plain antiflatulents are classified in this group.
A02B	DRUGS FOR PEPTIC ULCER and GASTRO-OESOPHAGEAL REFLUX DISEASE (GORD)	A2B	ANTIULCERANTS
A02B A	H2-receptor antagonists	A2B1	H2 antagonists
A02B B	Prostaglandins	A2B3	Prostaglandin antiulcerants
A02B C	Proton pump inhibitors	A2B2	Proton pump inhibitors
			Combinations for eradication of Helicobacter pylori are classified here.
A02B D	Combinations for eradication of Helicobacter pylori		
A02B X	Other drugs for peptic ulcer and gastro-oesophageal disease (GORD) Chlorbenzoxamine is classified in A03A.	A2B4 +	Bismuth antiulcerants

		A2B9	All other anticulcerants ➤ Chlorbenzoxamine is classified here.
A02X	OTHER DRUGS FOR ACID RELATED DISORDERS	A2C	OTHER STOMACH DISORDER PREPARATIONS
A03	DRUGS FOR FUNCTIONAL GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS	A3	FUNCTIONAL GASTRO-INTESTINAL DISORDER DRUGS
A03A	DRUGS FOR FUNCTIONAL GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS	A3A	PLAIN ANTISPASMODICS AND ANTICHOLINERGICS
	> Chlorbenzoxamine is classified here.		➤ Chlorbenzoxamine is classified in A2B9.
	> Trimebutine is classified here.		Trimebutine is classified in A3F.
	➤ Alosetron is classified here (A03A E).		Alosetron is classified in A3G.
+			
A03B	BELLADONNA AND DERIVATIVES, PLAIN	*	
A03C	ANTISPASMODICS IN COMBINATION WITH PYCHOLEPTICS	A3C	ANTISPASMODIC/ATARACTIC COMBINATIONS
A03D	ANTISPASMODICS IN COMBINATION WITH ANALGESICS	A3D	ANTISPASMODIC/ANALGESIC COMBINATIONS
	Combinations with both psycholeptics and analgesics are classified in A03E A.		> Combination of both ataractic and analgesic are classified here.
A03E	ANTISPASMODICS AND ANTICHOLINERGICS IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER DRUGS		
A03E A	Antispasmodics, psycholeptics and analgesics in combination		
	Antispasmodics in combination with psycholeptics, analgesics and other agents are classified in this group.		Combinations of both ataractics and analgesics are classified in A3D.
A03E D	Antispasmodics in combination with other drugs	A3E	ANTISPASMODICS COMBINED WITH OTHER PRODUCTS

WHO (Substance based)

A03F	PROPULSIVES	A3F	GASTROPROKINETICS
	➤ Trimebutine is classified in A03A.		> Trimebutine is classified here.
*		A3G	GASTRO-INTESTINAL SENSORIMOTOR MODULATORS
	➤ Alosetron is classified in A03A E.		Alosetron is classified here.
	Tegaserod is classified in A06A X.		Tegaserod is classified here.
	 Linaclotide is classified in A06A X. Lubiprostone is classified in A06A X. 		Linaclotide is classified here when indicated in IBS-c (290mcg), but in A6A when indicated in chronic constipation (145mcg).
	2 Europrostone is elassifice in 1100.111.		Lubiprostone is classified here when indicated in IBS-c (8mcg), but in A6A when indicated in chronic constipation (24mcg).
			Other drugs for constipation, including laxatives, are classified in A6A.
A04	ANTIEMETICS AND ANTINAUSEANTS	A4	ANTIEMETICS AND ANTINAUSEANTS
A04A	ANTIEMETICS AND ANTINAUSEANTS	A4A	ANTIEMETICS AND ANTINAUSEANTS
	Antihistamines are classified in R06A.		> Antihistamines used in motion sickness are classified here.
A05	BILE AND LIVER THERAPY	A5	CHOLAGOGUES AND HEPATIC PROTECTORS
A05A	BILE THERAPY	A5A	BILE THERAPY AND CHOLAGOGUES
A05B	LIVER THERAPY, LIPOTROPICS	A5B	HEPATIC PROTECTORS, LIPOTROPICS
A05C	DRUGS FOR BILE THERAPY AND LIPOTROPICS IN COMBINATION	A5C	CHOLAGOGUE/LIPOTROPIC COMBINATIONS
A06	DRUGS FOR CONSTIPATION	A6	DRUGS FOR CONSTIPATION AND BOWEL CLEANSERS
A06A	DRUGS FOR CONSTIPATION	A6A	DRUGS FOR CONSTIPATION
	Tegaserod is classified here.		> Tegaserod is classified in A3G.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
	Linaclotide is classified here.Lubiprostone is classified here.	+	➤ Linaclotide is classified here when indicated in chronic constipation (145mcg) but in A3G when indicated in IBS-c (290mcg).
			Lubiprostone is classified here when indicated in chronic constipation (24mcg) but in A3G when indicated in IBS-c (8mcg).
		A6B	BOWEL CLEANSERS
A07	ANTIDIARREALS, INTESTINAL ANTIINFLAMMATORY / ANTIINFECTIVE AGENTS	A7	ANTIDIARRHOEALS, ORAL ELECTROLYTE REPLACERS AND INTESTINAL ANTIINFLAMMATORIES
A07A	INTESTINAL ANTIINFECTIVES	A7A	INTESTINAL ANTIINFECTIVE ANTIDIARRHOEALS
A07B	INTESTINAL ADSORBENTS	A7B	INTESTINAL ABSORBANT ANTIDIARRHOEALS
	Ceratonia is classified in A07X.		Ceratonia is classified here.
A07C	ELECTROLYTES WITH CARBOHYDRATES	A7G	ORAL ELECTROLYTE REPLACERS
A07D	ANTIPROPULSIVES	А7Н	MOTILITY INHIBITORS
A07E	INTESTINAL ANTIINFLAMMATORY AGENTS	A7E	INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISORDER PRODUCTS
	Vedolizumab is classified in L04A.		Vedolizumab is classified here.
A07F	ANTIDIARRHEAL MICROORGANISMS	A7F	ANTIDIARRHOEAL MICRO-ORGANISMS
A07X	OTHER ANTIDIARRHEALS	A7X	ALL OTHER ANTIDIARRHOEALS
	Ceratonia is classified here.		Ceratonia is classified in A7B.
A08	ANTIOBESITY PREPARATIONS, EXCL. DIET PRODUCTS	A8	ANTIOBESITY PREPARATIONS, EXCL. DIETETICS
A08A	ANTIOBESITY PREPARATIONS, EXCL. DIET PRODUCTS	A8A	ANTIOBESITY PREPARATIONS, EXCL. DIETETICS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
	 Amphetamine is classified in N06B. Liraglutide is classified in A10B. 		 Amphetamine, when indicated as antiobesity product, is classified here. Liraglutide for weight management only is classified here.
A09	DIGESTIVES, INCL. ENZYMES	A9	DIGESTIVES, INCLUDING ENZYMES
A09A	DIGESTIVES, INCL. ENZYMES	A9A	DIGESTIVES, INCLUDING ENZYME
	 Bromelains is classified in B06A A. Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified in B06A A when used as 		Bromelains is classified here or, D3 and V3H depending on indications.
	haematological enzymes.		Chymotrypsin is classified here or in C5B, D3A, M2A and V3H depending on indications.
			Trypsin is classified here or in V3H and V3X depending on indications.
A10	DRUGS USED IN DIABETES	A10	DRUGS USED IN DIABETES
A10A	INSULINS and ANALOGUES	A10C +	HUMAN INSULINS and ANALOGUES
		A10D	ANIMAL INSULINS
A10B	BLOOD GLUCOSE LOWERING DRUGS, EXCL. INSULINS > Guar gum is classified here.	A10H A10J A10K A10L A10M A10N A10P A10S	SULPHONYLUREA ANTIDIABETICS BIGUANIDE ANTIDIABETICS GLITAZONE ANTIDIABETICS ALPHA-GLUCOSIDASE INHIBITOR ANTIDIABETICS GLINIDE ANTIDIABETICS DPP-IV INHIBITOR ANTIDIABETICS SGLT2 INHIBITORS GLP-1 AGONIST ANTIDIABETICS Liraglutide for weight management only is classified in A8A.
A10X	OTHER DRUGS USED IN DIABETES	A10X	OTHER DRUGS USED IN DIABETES
	Includes aldose reductase inhibitors.	A10X1	Antidiabetic multitherapy combination products.
	 Guar gum is classified in A10B. Thioctic acid is classified in A16A. 		Includes combinations of antidiabetics with cardiovascular drugs where the aim is to treat both the diabetes and the cardiovascular condition. Also includes combinations of antidiabetics with anti-

WHO (Substance based)

	Combinations of DPP-IV inhibitors with statins are classified in A10B H.		obesity drugs where the aim is to treat both the diabetes and the obesity.
		A10X9	Other drugs used in diabetes.
			Guar gum is classified here
			➤ Thioctic acid is classified here or A16A.
A11	VITAMINS	A11	➤ VITAMINS Vitamin B ₁₂ is classified in A11F, which is a code
	Vitamin B_{12} is classified in B03.		only used in the EphMRA/PBIRG system.
A12	MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS	A12	MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS
A12A	CALCIUM	A12A	CALCIUM PRODUCTS
	Products indicated for hyperphosphatemia only are classified in V03AE.		Products indicated for hyperphosphatemia and calcium deficiency are classified in V03G2.
	Other calcium supplement products are classified here.		
A12B	POTASSIUM	A12B	POTASSIUM PRODUCTS
A12C	OTHER MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS	A12C	OTHER MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS
A13	TONICS	A13	TONICS
A13A	TONICS	A13A	TONICS
			The large number of products in this class make it impossible to fully state that they are equal.
A14	ANABOLIC AGENTS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	A14	ANABOLICS, SYSTEMIC
A14A	ANABOLIC STEROIDS	A14A	ANABOLIC HORMONES, SYSTEMIC
A14B	OTHER ANABOLIC AGENTS	A14B	OTHER ANABOLIC AGENTS, SYSTEMIC

A15	APPETITE STIMULANTS	A15	APPETITE STIMULANTS
	Cyproheptadine is classified in R06A.		Cyproheptadine when indicated as appetite stimulant, is classified
	Pizotifen is classified in N02C.		here, otherwise it is classified in R6A.
			Pizotifen is classified here; when indicated for migraine, is classified in N2C.
A16	OTHER ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM PRODUCTS	A16	OTHER ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM PRODUCTS
A16A	OTHER ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM PRODUCTS	A16A	OTHER ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM
	Includes levocarnitine, ademetionine, thioctic acid.		PRODUCTS
	Zinc acetate is classified here.		➤ Levocarnitine is classified here but when indicated for ischaemic disorders, it is classified in C1X.
			Ademetionine is classified in N6A.
			➤ Thioctic acid is classified here or in A10X.
			Combinations of diabetes and cardiovascular products are classified in A10X1.
			Zinc acetate is classified in V3E when indicated for Wilson's disease.

WHO (Substance based)

В	BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS	В	BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS
B01	ANTITHROMBOTIC AGENTS	B1	ANTITHROMBOTIC AGENTS
B01A	ANTITHROMBOTIC AGENTS	\Rightarrow	
B01A A	Vitamin K antagonists	B1A	VITAMIN K ANTAGONISTS
B01A B	Heparin group	B1B	HEPARINS
	Antithrombin III is classified here.		➤ Antithrombin III is classified in B2C.
	Danaparoid is classified here.		Danaparoid is classified in B1X.
B01A C	Platelet aggregation inhibitors excl. heparin	B1C	PLATETLET AGGREGATION INHIBITORS
	Dipyramidole is classified here.		Dipyramidole is classified here; when indicated for coronary
	Defibrotide is classified in B01A X.		therapy it is classified in C1D.
	 Prostacyclin agonists (e.g. (iloprost, selexipag, treprostinil, and 		Defibrotide is classified here.
	epoprostenol) are classified here.		Prostacyclin agonists (e.g. iloprost, selexipag, treprostinil) and indicated for pulmonary hypertension only are classified in C6B3.
			Epoprostenol is classified in C6B3.
B01A D	Enzymes	B1D	FIBRINOLYTICS
	Protein C and activated Protein C are classified here.	\Rightarrow	➤ Protein C and activated Protein C are classified in B1X.
B01A E	Direct thrombin inhibitors	B1E	DIRECT THROMBIN INHIBITORS
B01A F	Direct factor Xa inhibitors	B1F	DIRECT FACTOR XA INHIBITORS
B01A X	Other antithrombotic agents	B1X	OTHER ANTITHROMBOTIC AGENTS
	Defibrotide is classified here.		Defibrotide is classified in B1C.

WHO (Substance based)

B02	ANTIHEMORRHAGICS	B2	BLOOD COAGULATION SYSTEM, OTHER PRODUCTS
B02A	ANTIFIBRINOLYTICS	B2A	ANTIFIBRINOLYTICS
B02A A	Amino acids		
B02A B	Proteinase inhibitors	B2C	PROTEINASE INHIBITORS
	➤ Alfa 1 antitrypsin (alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor) is classified here.		Alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor (alfa 1 antitrypsin) is classified in R3X.
B02B	VITAMIN K AND OTHER HEMOSTATICS	B2B	ANTAGONISTS (ANTIDOTES TO ANTICOAGULANTS)
B02B A	Vitamin K	B2B1	Vitamin K
	Protamin is classified in V03A.	B2B2	Protamin sulphate
	➤ Idarucizumab is classified in V03A	B2B9	Antidotes to anticoagulants, other
			Idarucizumab is classified here.
B02B B	Fibrinogen	B2F	TISSUE SEALING PREPARATIONS
B02B C	Local hemostatics		Local haemostatics are classified in D3A
B02B D	Blood coagulation factors	B2D	BLOOD COAGULATION
*		B2E	THROMBOPOIETIN AGONISTS
	Eltrombopag and romiplostim are classified in B02B X.		➤ Eltrombopag and romiplostim are classified here.
B02B X	Other systemic hemostatics	B2G	SYSTEMIC HAEMOSTATICS
	Eltrombopag and romiplostim are classified here.		> Eltrombopag and romiplostim are classified in B2E.
B03	ANTIANEMIC PREPARATIONS	В3	ANTI-ANAEMIC PREPARATIONS
B03A	IRON PREPARATIONS	B3A	HAEMATINICS, IRON & ALL COMBINATIONS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
	➤ All plain iron preparations and all combination products containing more than 30 mg Fe per defined daily dose (DDD), are classified here, even if they contain multivitamins.		➤ Combinations of iron with multivitamins are classified in A11A.
B03B	VITAMIN B12 AND FOLIC ACID	ВЗВ	LIVER EXTRACTS AND COMBINATIONS WITH B12
B03B A	Vitamin B12 (cyanocobalamin and analogues)	A11F	PLAIN VIT B12
B03B B	Folic acid and derivatives ➤ Folinic acid is classified in V03A.	B3X	OTHER ANTI-ANAEMIC PRODUCTS, INCLUDING FOLIC ACID, FOLINIC ACID
	7 Tomme deld is elassified in \$0071.		Folinic acid with more than one indication classified in V3D.
B03X	OTHER ANTIANEMIC PREPARATIONS		
B03X A	Other antianemic preparations	B3C	ERYTHROPOIETIN PRODUCTS
*		K	HOSPITAL SOLUTIONS
B05	BLOOD SUBSTITUTES AND PERFUSION SOLUTIONS	*	
B05A	BLOOD AND RELATED PRODUCTS	K3B +	PROTEIN SOLUTIONS
B05A A	Blood substitutes and plasma protein fractions	K2	PLASMA EXPANDERS
B05B	I.V. SOLUTIONS		
B05B A	Solutions for parenteral nutrition	K1	INTRAVENOUS SOLUTIONS

> Trometamol is classified in K4B.

B05B B Solutions affecting the electrolyte balance

Trometamol is classified here.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
B05B C	Solutions producing osmotic diuresis	K1F	SOLUTIONS FOR OSMOTIC THERAPY
B05C	IRRIGATING SOLUTIONS	K5	IRRIGATING SOLUTIONS
B05D	PERITONEAL DIALYTICS	К6В	PERITONEAL DIALYSIS SOLUTIONS
B05X	I.V. SOLUTION ADDITIVES	K4	INJECTION SOLUTIONS/INFUSION ADDITIVES
B05Z	HEMODIALYTICS AND HEMOFILTRATES		
B05Z A	Hemodialytics, concentrates	K6A	HAEMODIALYSIS SOLUTIONS
B05Z B	Hemofiltrates	K6C	HAEMOFILTRATION
B06	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS	В6	ALL OTHER HAEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS
B06 B06A	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS	B6 ❖	ALL OTHER HAEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS
	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS		ALL OTHER HAEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS HYALURONIDASE
B06A	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS Enzymes Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified here when used as	*	
B06A	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS Enzymes	❖ B6B	
B06A	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS Enzymes Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified here when used as	❖ B6B +	HYALURONIDASE
B06A	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS Enzymes Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified here when used as	❖ B6B +	HYALURONIDASE OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS ➤ Chymotrypsin is classified in A9A, C5B, D3A, M2A or V3H
B06A	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS Enzymes Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified here when used as	❖ B6B +	 HYALURONIDASE OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS ➤ Chymotrypsin is classified in A9A, C5B, D3A, M2A or V3H depending on indications. ➤ Trypsin is classified in A9A, V3H or V3X depending on

B6D

HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA PRODUCTS

B06A C DRUGS USED IN HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
C	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	C	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM
C01	CARDIAC THERAPY	C1	CARDIAC THERAPY
C01A	CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES	C1A	CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES AND COMBINATIONS
C01B	ANTIARRHYTHMICS, CLASS I AND III	C1B	ANTI-ARRHYTHMICS
	Adenosine is classified in C01E		Adenosine is classified here
C01C	CARDIAC STIMULANTS EXCL. CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES		
C01C A	Adrenergic and dopaminergic agents	C1C	CARDIAC STIMULANTS EXCL. CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES
	Caffeine, plain is classified in N06B.		Caffeine, plain is classified here.
	Heptaminol is classified in C01D.	+	Heptaminol is classified here.
	Dihydroergotamine is classified in N02C.		Dihydroergotamine is classified here and in N2C.
C01C E	Phosphodiesterase Inhibitors	C1F	POSITIVE INOTROPIC AGENTS
\Rightarrow			
+			
C01C X	Other cardiac stimulants		Includes substances such as amrinone, milrinone, fenoximone, piroximone, xamoterol.
C01D	VASODILATORS USED IN CARDIAC DISEASES		
C01D A	Organic nitrates	C1E	NITRITES AND NITRATES
	➤ Amyl nitrite is classified in V03A.		➤ Amyl nitrite is classified here and V3A.
C01D B	Quinolone vasodilators	*	
	Flosequinan is classified here.	•	Flosequinan is classified in C1D.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
C01D X	Other Vasodilators used in cardiac diseases Prenylamine is classified here. Heptaminol is classified here. Serelaxin is classified here. Nesiritide is classified here. Dipyramidol is classified in B01A C. Trimetazidine is classified in C01E B. Ivabradine is classified in C01E B. Flosequinan is classified in C01D B.	C1D	CORONARY THERAPY EXCL. CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS AND NITRITES Prenylamine is classified in C8A. Heptaminol is classified in C1C. Dipyramidol is classified here and in B1C. Nesiritide is classified in C1X. Trimetazidine is classified here. Ivabradine is classified here. Flosequinan is classified here.
C01E	OTHER CARDIAC PREPARATIONS Adenosine is classified here. Levocarnitine is classified in A016. Trimetazidine is classified here. Ivabradine is classified here. Nesiritide is classified in C01D X	C1X	 ALL OTHER CARDIAC PREPARATIONS Adenosine is classified in C1B. Levocarnitine is classified in this group when indicated for ischaemic disorders (in A16 if for nutrition problems). Ivabradine is classified in C1D. Nesiritide is classified here.
C02	 ANTIHYPERTENSIVES Mebutamate is classified in N05B. Terazosin is classified in G04C. Bosentan, ambrisentan, macitentan, riociguat and sitaxentan are classified in C02KX. 	C2	 ANTIHYPERTENSIVES Mebutamate is classified in C2A. Terazosin is classified here and in G4C. Bosentan, ambrisentan, macitentan, riociguat and sitaxentan are classified in C6A. Indoramin for migraine is classified in N2C9.
C03	DIURETICS ➤ Cicletanine is classified here.	С3	DIURETICS ➤ Cicletanine is classified in C2A.

WHO (Substance based)

C4	CEREBRAL AND PERIPHERAL VASOTHERAPEUTICS
C4A	CEREBRAL AND PERIPHERAL VASOTHERAPEUTICS
	Cinnarizine and flunarizine can be classified here and also in
	N2C and N7C depending on indications.Nimodipine is classified here.
	-
	Citicoline is classified here.
	Visnadine is classified in C1D.
C5	ANTIVARICOSIS/ANTIHAEMORRHOIDAI
C5 A	ANTIVARICOSIS/ANTIHAEMORRHOIDAL PREPARATIONS TOPICAL ANTI-HAEMORRHOIDALS
C5	
	PREPARATIONS
. C5A	PREPARATIONS TOPICAL ANTI-HAEMORRHOIDALS
_	

*		C6	OTHER CARDIOVASCULAR PRODUCTS
	Bosentan, ambrisentan, macitentan, riociguat and sitaxentan are	C6B	PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION (PAH) PRODUCTS
	classified in C02K X.➤ Sildenafil is classified in G04B E.		Ambrisentan, bosentan, macitentan, riociguat and sitaxentan are classified here.
	Prostacyclin agonists (e.g. iloprost, selexipag, treprostinil epoprostenol) are classified in B01A C.		PDE5 inhibitors indicated only for pulmonary arterial hypertension are classified here.
			Prostacyclin agonist PAH products (e.g. iloprost, selexipag, treprostinil) and indicated for pulmonary hypertension only are classified here.
			Epoprostenol is classified here.
		C6X	OTHER CARDIOVASCULAR PRODUCTS
C07	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS	C7	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS
C07A	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS	C7A	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS, PLAIN
C07B	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS AND THIAZIDES	С7В	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS, COMBINATIONS
+			
C07C	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS AND OTHER DIURETICS		
+			
C07D	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS, THIAZIDES AND OTHER		
+	DIURETICS		
C07E	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS AND VASODILATORS		
C07F B	Beta blocking agents and calcium channel blockers	C8B2	Calcium antagonist/beta blocker combinations
C07F X	Beta blocking agents, other combinations	*	

WHO (Substance based)

208	CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS	C8	CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS
	Nimodipine is classified here.		Nimodipine is classified in C4A.
	Prenylamine is classified in C01D X.		Prenylamine is classified here.
	➤ Combinations with beta blockers are classified in C07F X.		> Combinations with beta blockers are classified in C8B2.
08C	SELECTIVE CCB WITH MAINLY VASCULAR EFFECT	C8A	CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS, PLAIN
08D	SELECTIVE CCB WITH DIRECT CARDIAC EFFECTS		
005			
08E	NON-SELECTIVE CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS		
8G	CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS AND DIURETICS	C8B1	CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS COMBINATIONS WITH ANTIHYPERTENSIVES (C2) AND/OR DIURETICS
•		C8B2	CCB/BETABLOCKER COMBINATIONS
		C8B3	CCB COMB. WITH OTHER DRUGS OF GROUP C, except C7-C10
			CCB COMBINATIONS WITH ALL OTHER DRUGS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
C09	AGENTS ACTING ON THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN SYSTEM	С9	AGENTS ACTING ON THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN SYSTEM
C09A	ACE INHIBITORS, PLAIN	C9A	ACE INHIBITORS, PLAIN
C09B	ACE INHIBITORS, COMBINATIONS	C9B	ACE INHIBITORS, COMBINATIONS
	>		
C09C	ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS, PLAIN	C9C	ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS, PLAIN
C09D	ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS, COMBINATIONS	C9D	ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS, COMBINATIONS
C09X	OTHER AGENTS ACTING ON THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN SYSTEM	C9X	OTHER AGENTS ACTING ON THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN SYSTEM
C10	LIPID MODIFYING AGENTS	C10	LIPID-REGULATING/ANTI-ATHEROMA PREPARATIONS
C10A	LIPID MODIFYING AGENTS, PLAIN	C10A	CHOLESTEROL AND TRIGLYCERIDE REGULATING PREPARATIONS
C10A A	HMG CoA reductase inhibitors	C10A 1	Statins (HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors)
C10A B	Fibrates	C10A 2	Fibrates
C10A C	Bile acid sequestrants	C10A 3	Ion-exchange resins
			Colestilan is also classified in V3G.
*	PCSK9 inhibitors is classified in C10AX	C10A4	PCSK9 inhibitors
C10A D		C10A 9	All other cholesterol/triglyceride regulators

Nicotinic acid and derivatives

WHO (Substance based)

C10A X	Other lipid modifying agents Colestilan is classified in V03A. PCSK9 inhibitors are classified here.		
*		C10 B	ANTI-ATHEROMA PREPARATIONS OF NATURAL ORIGIN
C10B	LIPID MODIFYING AGENTS, COMBINATIONS	C10C	LIPID REGULATORS IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER LIPID REGULATORS
	Lipid-regulating cardiovascular multitherapy combination products are classified here.		Lipid-regulating cardiovascular multitherapy combination products are classified in C11A.
*		C11	CARDIOVASCULAR MULTI-THERAPY COMBINATION PRODUCTS
*	Lipid-regulating cardiovascular multitherapy combination products are classified in C10B	C11A	LIPID-REGULATING CARDIOVASCULAR MULTI-THERAPY COMBINATION PRODUCTS

D	DERMATOLOGICALS	D	DERMATOLOGICALS
D01	ANTIFUNGALS FOR DERMATOLOGICAL USE	D 1	ANTIFUNGALS, DERMATOLOGICAL
D01A	ANTIFUNGALS FOR TOPICAL USE	D1A1	Topical dermatological antifungals
	Topical metronidazole is mainly used for rosacea and is classified in D06B X.		Products indicated for the treatment of rosacea are classified in D10A.
	➤ Combinations with corticosteroids are classified here.		➤ Combinations with corticosteroids are in D7B2.
D01B	ANTIFUNGALS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	D1A2	Systemic dermatological Antifungals
	Terbinafine is classified here.		➤ Terbinafine is classified in J2A.
D02	EMOLLIENTS AND PROTECTIVES	D2	EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES
D02 D02A	EMOLLIENTS AND PROTECTIVES EMOLLIENTS AND PROTECTIVES	D2 D2A	EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES
D02A	EMOLLIENTS AND PROTECTIVES		EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES
D02A +	EMOLLIENTS AND PROTECTIVES➤ Aminobenzoic acid is classified in D02B.		EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES
D02A +	EMOLLIENTS AND PROTECTIVES ➤ Aminobenzoic acid is classified in D02B. PROTECTIVES AGAINST UV-RADIATION		EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES Aminobenzoic acid is classified here.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
D03	PREPARATIONS FOR TREATMENT OF WOUNDS AND ULCERS	D3	WOUND HEALING AGENTS
	➤ Local haemostatics are classified in B02B.		Local haemostatics are classified here.
	Bromelains is classified in B06A A.		> Bromelains is classified here or in A9A and V3H depending on
	Chymotrypsin is classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes.		indications.
D03A	CICATRIZANTS	*	
D03B	ENZYMES	*	➤ Bromelains is classified in A9A, D3A or V3H depending on
D03B A	Bromelains is classified here.		indications.
D04	ANTIPRURITICS, INCL. ANTIHISTAMINES, ANESTHETICS, ETC.	D4	ANTIPRURITICS, INCL. TOPICAL ANTIHISTAMINES, ANAESTETHICS, ETC.
D04A	ANTIPRURITICS, INCL. ANTIHISTAMINES, ANESTHETICS, ETC	D4A	ANTIPRURITICS, INCL. ANTIHISTAMINES, ANAESTETHICS, ETC.
	➤ Nalfurafine is classified in V03A.		Nalfurafine is classified here.
D05	ANTIPSORIATICS	D5	NONSTEROIDAL PRODUCTS FOR INFLAMMATORY SKIN DISORDERS
D05A	ANTIPSORIATICS FOR TOPICAL USE	D5A	TOPICAL ANTIPSORIASIS PRODUCTS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
D05B	ANTIPSORIATICS FOR SYSTEMIC USE Alefacept, secukinumab, and ustekinumab are classified in L04A. Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A.	D5B	 SYSTEMIC ANTIPSORIASIS PRODUCTS Alefacept, secukinumab, and ustekinumab when indicated for psoriasis are classified here. Ustekinumab and secukinumab when indicated for psoriasis and also for other conditions is classified in L4C.
			➤ Methotrexate is classified in D5B, M1C and L1B.
*	 Topical tacrolimus is classified in D11A. Alitretinoin is classified in D11A. Aminolevulinic acid is classified in L01X. 	D5X	OTHER NONSTEROIDAL PRODUCTS FOR INFLAMMATORY SKIN DISORDERS > Topical tacrolimus is classified here. > Alitretinoin is classified in here when indicated for the treatment of eczema, and in L1X1 when indicated to treat cutaneous lesions in Kaposi's sarcoma. > Aminolevulinic acid is classified here and in L1X. > Products containing ingenol mebutate or diclofenac gel that are
			Products containing ingenol mebutate or diclofenac gel that are indicated for actinic keratosis are classified here

WHO (Substance based)

D06	ANTIBIOTICS AND CHEMOTHERAPEUTICS FOR DERMATOLOGICAL USE Metronidazole for the treatment of rosacea is classified here. Dressings with anti-infectives are classified in D09A A.	D6	 TOPICAL ANTIBACTERIALS AND ANTIVIRALS ➤ Metronidazole for treatment of rosacea is classified in D10A. ➤ Dressings with anti-infectives are classified here.
D06A	ANTIBIOTICS FOR TOPICAL USE	D6A	TOPICAL ANTIBACTERIALS
D06B (- D6B B)	CHEMOTHERAPEUTICS FOR TOPICAL USE	D6A	TOPICAL ANTIBACTERIALS
D06B B	Antivirals	D6D	TOPICAL ANTIVIRALS INFECTION PRODUCTS
D6C	ANTIBIOTICS AND CHEMOTHERAPEUTICS, COMBINATIONS	*	Included in D6A

_	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
D07	CORTICOSTEROIDS, DERMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	D7	TOPICAL CORTICOSTEROIDS
D07A	CORTICOSTEROIDS, PLAIN	D7A	PLAIN TOPICAL CORTICOSTEROIDS
D07B +	CORTICOSTEROIDS, COMBINATIONS WITH ANTISEPTICS	D7B	TOPICAL CORTICOSTEROID COMBINATIONS
D07C +	CORTICOSTEROIDS, COMBINATIONS WITH ANTIBIOTICS	*	
D07X	CORTICOSTEROIDS, OTHER COMBINATIONS	*	
D08	ANTISEPTICS AND DISINFECTANTS	D8	ANTISEPTICS AND DISINFECTANTS
D08A	ANTISEPTICS AND DISINFECTANTS	D8A	ANTISEPTICS AND DISINFECTANTS
D09	MEDICATED DRESSINGS	*	THE PRODUCTS OF THIS CLASS HAVE BEEN ALLOCATED TO THE DIFFERENT GROUPS
D09A	MEDICATED DRESSINGS		
	This group comprises medicated dressings, ointment dressings etc. Liquid wound protectives are classified in D02A D – Liquid plasters. Local hemostatics, eg. Gauze, tampons etc. are classified in B02B C – Local hemostatics.		
D09A A	Ointment dressings with antiinfectives	Included in D6A	TOPICAL ANTIBIOTICS AND/OR SULPHONAMIDES

D09A B	Zinc bandages Soft paraffin dressings	Included in D5A Included in D2A	TOPICAL ANTIPSORIASIS AND SIMILAR PRODUCTS EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES
D10	ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS	D10	ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS
D10A	 ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS FOR TOPICAL USE Metronidazole for the treatment of rosacea is classified in D06B. Brimonidine is classified in D11A and in S1E for ocular indications. Nadifloxacin is classified here. Non-ophthalmic sulfacetamide is classified here. 	D10A	 TOPICAL ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS Metronidazole for the treatment of rosacea is classified here. Brimonidine is classified here and in S1E for ocular indications. Nadifloxacin is classified here and in D6A when indicated for skin bacteriosis. Non-ophthalmic sulfacetamide is classified here and in D6A when indicated for skin bacteriosis.
D10B	 ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS FOR SYSTEMIC USE Antibiotics, such as tetracyclines and erythromycin, which are also used for the treatment of acne are classified in group J. Combinations of estrogen and antiandrogen, used for the treatment of acne, are classified in group G03H. 	D10B	 ORAL ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS Antibiotic products, specifically indicated for the treatment of acne are classified here. Combinations of estrogen and cyproterone, specifically indicated for the treatment of acne, are classified here. Products indicated for both oral contraception and acne are classified in G3A

WHO (Substance based

D11	OTHER DERMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	D11	OTHER DERMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS
D11A	 OTHER DERMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS Androgens for topical use are classified here. Tacrolimus and pimecrolimus are classified here. Alitretinoin is classified here. Brimonidine is classified here and in S1E for ocular indications. Ivermectin is classified here and in P02C. 	D11A	 OTHER DERMATOLOGICIAL PREPARATIONS Androgens for topical use are in D3A. Tacrolimus is classified in D5X and L4A; pimecrolimus in D5X. Alitretinoin is classified in D5X when indicated for the treatment of eczema, and in L1X1 when indicated to treat cutaneous lesions in Kaposi's sarcoma. Brimonidine is classified in D10A and in S1E for ocular indications. Ivermectin is classified in P1B and in P3A, depending on indication.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
G	GENITO URINARY SYSTEM AND SEX HORMONES	G	GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM AND SEX HORMONES
G01	GYNECOLOGICAL ANTIINFECTIVES AND ANTISEPTICS	G1	GYNAECOLOGICAL ANTI-INFECTIVES
G01A	ANTIINFECTIVES AND ANTISEPTICS, EXCL. COMBINATIONS WITH CORTICOSTEROIDS	G1A	TRICHOMONACIDES
+	➤ All oral and rectal dosage forms of imidazole derivatives are	+	Dosage forms used for treatment of gynaecological infections are classified here.
G01B	classified in P01A. ANTIINFECTIVES AND ANTISEPTICS, IN COMBINATION WITH		Rectal suppositories for topical trichomonoacides are classified in J8B.
	CORTICOSTEROIDS	G1B	GYNAECOLOGICAL ANTIFUNGALS
		+ G1C +	GYNAECOLOGICAL ANTIBACTERIALS
		G1D	GYNAECOLOGICAL ANTISEPTICS
G02	OTHER GYNAECOLOGICALS	G2	OTHER GYNAECOLOGICALS
	➤ Analgesics used in dysmenorrhea are classified in N02B.		Analgesics indicated exclusively for dysmenorrhea are classified in G2X1.
G02A	UTEROTONICS	G2A	LABOUR INDUCERS
	Oxytocin and demoxytocin are classified in H01B.		Oxytocin and demoxytocin are classified here.
G02B	CONTRACEPTIVES FOR <u>TOPICAL</u> USE	G2B	TOPICAL CONTRACEPTIVES
	> IUDs containing progestogens are classified here.		➤ IUDs with progestogens are classified in G3A.
G02C	OTHER GYNECOLOGICALS	*	
	➤ Vaginal forms of estrogens are classified in G03C.		➤ Vaginal forms of estrogens are classified in G2F.
G02C A	Sympathomimetics, labor repressants	G2E	LABOUR INHIBITORS

G2F

> Vaginal forms of estrogens are classified in G03C.

TOPICAL SEX HORMONES

> Vaginal forms of estrogens are classified here.

WHO (Substance based)

G02C B	 Prolactin inhibitors Lisuride tablets in high strength (0.2mg) are classified in this group, while low dose tablets (25 mcg) are classified in N02C. Bromocriptine low dose is classified here; high strength tablets are classified in N04B. Cabergoline low dose is classified here, high strength tablets are classified in N04B. 	G2D	 PROLACTIN INHIBITORS Lisuride is classified in N4A. Bromocriptine is classified here and N4A. Cabergoline is classified here and N4A.
G02C C	Antiinflammatory products for vaginal administration	G2X	OTHER GYNAECOLOGICAL PRODUCTS
+ G02C X	Other gynaecologicals		
G03	SEX HORMONES AND MODULATORS OF THE GENITAL SYSTEM	G3	SEX HORMONES AND PRODUCTS WITH SIMILAR DESIRED EFFECTS, SYSTEMIC ACTION ONLY
G03A	HORMONAL CONTRACEPTIVES FOR SYSTEMIC USE	G3A	HORMONAL CONTRACEPTIVES, SYSTEMIC
	➤ IUDs with progestogens are classified in G02B.		> IUDs with progestogens are classified here.
	Ulipristal when indicated for emergency contraception is classified here. It is also classified in G03X.		Ulipristal when indicated for emergency contraception is classified here. It is also classified in G3X.
	➤ Mifepristone is classified in G03XB.		➤ Mifepristone (10-25 mg) when indicated for emergency contraception is classified here. It is also classified in G3X.
			Products indicated for both oral contraception and acne are classified here.
G03B	ANDROGENS	G3B	ANDROGENS, EXCLUDING G3E, G3F
G03C	ESTROGENS	G3C	OESTROGENS, EXCLUDING G3A, G3E, G3F
	Tibolone is classified here.		➤ Tibolone is classified G3X.
	Vaginal forms are classified here.		Vaginal forms are classified G2F.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
G03D	PROGESTOGENS	G3D	PROGESTOGENS, EXCLUDING G3A,G3F
2.02	Flumedroxone is classified in N02C.	232	Flumedroxone is classified here.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
G03E	ANDROGENS AND FEMALE SEX HORMONES IN COMBINATION	G3E	ANDROGEN WITH FEMALE HORMONE COMBINATIONS
G03F	PROGESTOGENS AND ESTROGENS IN COMBINATION Estradiol and cyproterone in combination is classified in G03H B.	G3F	OESTROGEN WITH PROGESTOGEN COMBINATIONS, EXCLUDING G3A Estradiol and cyproterone in combination is classified here.
G03G	GONADOTROPHINS AND OTHER OVULATION STIMULANTS	G3G	GONADOTROPHINS, INCL.OTHER OVULATION STIMULANTS
G03H	 ANTIANDROGENS All plain cyproterone preparations (and combinations of cyproterone and estrogen) regardless of indication are classified here. 	*	Plain cyproterone preparations are classified in G3X and L2B depending on indication.
*	➤ Bazedoxifene, lasofoxifene, ospemifene and raloxifene are classified in G03X.	G3J	SERMS (SELECTIVE OESTROGEN RECEPTOR MODULATORS) > Bazedoxifene, lasofoxifene, ospemifene and raloxifene are classified here.
G03X	 OTHER SEX HORMONES AND MODULATORS OF THE GENITAL SYSTEM Tibolone is classified in G03D C. Bazedoxifene, lasofoxifen, raloxifene, and ospemifene are classified here. All plain cyproterone preparations (and combinations of cyproterone and estrogen) regardless of indication are classified in G03H. Ulipristal for emergency contraception is classified in G03A D. 	G03X	 OTHER SEX HORMONES AND SIMILAR PRODUCTS Tibolone is classified here Products containing cyproterone are classified according to indication. Combinations of estrogen and cyproterone are classified in D10B (DIANE 35) and G3F (CLIMEN). Bazedoxifene, lasofoxifen, raloxifene, and ospemifene are classified in G3J. Plain cyproterone preparations are classified here and in L2B depending on indication.

WHO	(Substance	based)
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	Mifepristone is classified here.		Ulipristal is also classified in G3A6 when indicated for emergency contraception.
			Mifepristone is also classified in G3A6 when indicated for emergency contraception.
G04	UROLOGICALS	G4	UROLOGICALS
*		G4A	URINARY ANTI-INFECTIVES AND ANTISEPTICS
	Urinary quinolones are in J01M.		Urinary quinolones are here in G4A2.
	Other urinary antibacterials are in J01X.		➤ Halogenated quinolones are in G4E.
			➤ Other antiseptics and anti-bacterials are here in G4A9.
G04B	UROLOGICALS	*	➤ Other urologicals are in G4X with exceptions below.
	> Drugs used in erectile dysfunction are here in G04B E.		Erectile dysfunction products are in G4E.
	Urinary antispasmodics are here in G04B D.		Urinary incontinence products are in G4D.
G04C	DRUGS USED IN BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERTROPHY	G4C	BPH (BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERTROPHY) PRODUCTS
	➤ Indoramin is classified in C02CA.		➤ Indoramin when indicated for BPH or hypertension is
			classified in C2A2.Indoramin when indicated for migraine is classified in N2C9.
*		G4D	URINARY INCONTINENCE PRODUCTS
*		G4E	ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION PRODUCTS
	➤ Phentolamine used as an antidote is in V03A. It is only in G04B for erectile dysfunction when in combinations.		➤ Phentolamine for erectile dysfunction is here. It is in V3X when used as an antidote.
	PDE5 inhibitors are classified in G04BE.		PDE5 inhibitors when indicated only for PAH are classified in C6B2.
*	Other urologicals are in G04B.	G4X	ALL OTHER UROLOGICAL PRODUCTS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
Н	SYSTEMIC HORMONAL PREPARATIONS, EXCL. SEX HORMONES AND INSULINS	Н	SYSTEMIC HORMONAL PREPARATIONS (EXCL. SEX HORMONES)
	The classification of these hormonal products is based according to the origin of the hormones and not according to their indication.		
H01	PITUITARY AND HYPOTHALAMIC HORMONES AND ANALOGUES	H1	PITUITARY AND HYPOTHALAMIC HORMONES
H01A	ANTERIOR PITUITARY LOBE HORMONES and ANALOGUES		
H01A A	ACTH	H1A	ACTH
H01A B	Thyrotropin	Included in H3A	THYROID PREPARATIONS
H01A C	Somatropin and somatropin agonists	H4C	GROWTH HORMONES
\Rightarrow			
H01A X	Other anterior pituitary lobe hormones and analogues		
	Pegvisomant is classified here.		Pegvisomant is classified in H1C.
H01B	POSTERIOR PITUITARY LOBE HORMONES	*	
H01B A	Vasopressin and analogues	H4D	ANTIDIURETIC HORMONES
	> Terlipressin is classified here.		➤ Terlipressin is classified in B2G.
H01B B	Oxytocin and analogues	G2A	LABOUR INDUCERS
H01C	HYPOTHALAMIC HORMONES	H1C	HYPOTHALAMIC HORMONES
H01C A	Gonadotrophin-releasing hormones	H1C1	GONADOTHROPHIN RELEASING HORMONES
	➤ Histrelin is classified in L02A E		➤ Histrelin is classified here and in L2A3.

H01C B	Somatostatin and analogues	H1C2	ANTIGROWTH HORMONES > Pegvisomant is classified here.
H01C C	ANTI-GONADOTROPHIN-RELEASING HORMONES	H1C3	ANTIGONADOTROPHIN-RELEASING HORMONES
H02	CORTICOSTEROIDS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	H2	SYSTEMIC CORTICOSTEROIDS
H02A	CORTICOSTEROIDS FOR SYSTEMIC USE, PLAIN	H2A	SYSTEMIC CORTICOSTEROIDS, PLAIN
H02B	CORTICOSTEROIDS FOR SYSTEMIC USE, COMBINATIONS	H2B	SYSTEMIC CORTICOSTEROID COMBINATIONS
H02C	ANTIADRENAL PREPARATIONS	*	
	> Trilostane is classified here.		> Trilostane is classified in H4X.
Н03	THYROID THERAPY	Н3	THYROID THERAPY
H03A	THYROID PREPARATIONS	Н3А	THYROID PREPARATIONS
	➤ Thyrotrophin is classified in H01A.		> Thyrotrophin is classified here.
H03B	ANTITHYROID PREPARATIONS	Н3В	ANTI-THYROID PREPARATIONS
H03C	IODINE THERAPY	НЗС	IODINE THERAPY
H04	PANCREATIC HORMONES	*	
H04A	GLYCOGENOLYTIC HORMONES	H4B	GLUCAGON
H05	CALCIUM HOMEOSTASIS	*	
H05A	PARATHYROID HORMONES AND ANALOGUES	H4E	PARATHYROID HORMONES AND ANALOGUES
H05B	ANTI-PARATHYROID HORMONES	*	

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
H05B A	Calcitonin preparations	H4A	CALCITONINS
H05B X	Other anti-parathyroid agents	H4F	ANTIPARATHYROID PRODUCTS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
J	ANTHINFECTIVES FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J	GENERAL ANTI-INFECTIVES SYSTEMIC
J01	ANTIBACTERIALS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J 1	SYSTEMIC ANTIBACTERIALS
J01A	TETRACYCLINES	J1A	TETRACYCLINES AND COMBINATIONS
	> Tigecycline is classified here.		Tigecycline is classified in J1X.
J01B	AMPHENICOLS	J1B	CHLORAMPHENICOL AND COMBINATIONS
J01C	BETA-LACTAM ANTIBACTERIALS, PENICILLINS	J1C	BROAD SPECTRUM PENICILLINS
		+	
		J1H	MEDIUM AND NARROW SPECTRUM PENICILLINS
		+	
		J1L	CARBENICILLIN AND SIMILAR TYPES
J01D	OTHER BETA LACTAM ANTIBACTERIALS	*	
		J1D	CEPHALOSPORINS
J01D B-E	> First-fourth generation cephalosporins.	J1D1-2	Oral – injectable cephalosporins.
	Loracarbef is classified here in J01D C.		➤ Loracarbef is classified in J1P3.
	Other cephalosporins (including ceftobiprole medocaril and ceftaroline fosamil) are classified in J01D I.		Other cephalosporins (including ceftobiprole medocaril and ceftaroline fosamil) are classified here.
J01D F	Monobactams	J1P1	Monobactams
J01D H	Carbapenems	J1P2	Penems and carbapenems
+ J01D I	Other cephalosporins and penems		Other cephalosporins (including ceftobiprole medocaril and ceftaroline fosamil) are classified in J1D.
J01E	SULFONAMIDES AND TRIMETHOPRIM	J1E	TRIMETHOPRIM AND SIMILAR FORMULATIONS
JUIL			

		J3A	SYSTEMIC SULFONAMIDES
J01F	MACROLIDES, LINCOSAMIDES and STREPTOGRAMINS	J1F	MACROLIDES AND SIMILAR TYPES
	Pristinamycin is classified here.		Pristinamycin is classified in J1X.
J01G	AMINOGLYCOSIDE ANTIBACTERIALS	J1K	AMINOGLYCOSIDES
	Plain streptomycin is classified here.		Streptomycin is classified in J1X.
J01M	QUINOLONE ANTIBACTERIALS	J1G	FLUOROQUINOLONES
			Non-halogenated quinolones are in G4A2.
J01R	COMBINATIONS OF ANTIBACTERIALS	*	
			Combinations of antibacterials are classified based on classification hierarchy. See guidelines for details.
	Sulfonamides, combinations with other antibacterials (excl. trimethoprim) are classified here.		Sulfonamides in combinations with other antibacterials (excl. trimethoprim) are classified in J3A.
*	 Monobactams, carbapenems, carbacephems are classified in 	J1P	OTHER BETA-LACTAM ANTIBACTERIALS, EXCLUDING PENICILLINS, CEPHALOSPORINS
	J01D.		Monobactams, carbapenems, carbcephems are classified here.
J01X	OTHER ANTIBACTERIALS	J1X	OTHER ANTIBACTERIALS
	Pristinamycin is classified J01F; Tigecyclin is in J01A.		Pristinamycin and tigecyclin are classified here.
	➤ Parenteral imidazole formulations are classified here in J01X D.		Parenteral imidazole formulations are classified in J8B.
J02	ANTIMYCOTICS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J2	SYSTEMIC AGENTS FOR FUNGAL INFECTIONS
J02A	ANTIMYCOTICS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J2A	SYSTEMIC AGENTS FOR FUNGAL INFECTIONS
	> Terbinafine and griseofulvin are classified in D01B.		> Terbinafine for systemic use is classified here.
			Griseofulvin is classified in D1A2.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
*	All plain sulphonamides are classified in J01E. Sulfonamides, combinations with other antibacterials (excl. trimethoprim) are classified in J01R.	Ј3	 SYSTEMIC SULPHONAMIDES This group includes plain sulphonamides and sulphonamide/antibiotic combinations, excl trimethoprim/sulphonamides which are classified J1E.
*		J3	SYSTEMIC SULPHONAMIDES
J04	ANTIMYCOBACTERIALS	J4	ANTIMYCOBACTIERALS
J04A	DRUGS FOR TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS	J4A	ANTITUBERCULAR PRODUCTS
	Rifampicin and rifamycin are classified here.		> Rifampicin and rifamycin are classified here and in J1M.
	➤ Plain streptomycin is classified in J01G A.		Streptomycin is classified here.
J04B	DRUGS FOR TREATMENT OF LEPRA	J4B	DRUGS FOR THE TREATMENT OF LEPRA
	➤ Thalidomide, also when used for lepra, is classified L04A X.		➤ Thalidomide, when used for lepra is classified here, otherwise it is classified in L4.
J05	ANTIVIRALS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J5	ANTIVIRALS FOR SYSTEMIC USE
J05A	DIRECT ACTING ANTIVIRALS	J5B	ANTIVIRALS, EXCLUDING ANTI-HIV PRODUCTS
	➤ The combination of ribavirin and peginterferon is classified in L03A.		➤ The combination of ribavirin and peginterferon is classified here.
		+	
		J5C	HIV ANTIVIRALS
	Antivirals acting against HIV are classified here in J05A E– J05A G, and J05A X depending on inhibition mechanism. HIV combination products are classified in J05AR.		➤ HIV antivirals are classified here in J5C1 – J5C5 depending on inhibition mechanism. Combinations of different classes of HIV antivirals are classified in J5C9.
	Cobicistat is classified in V03AX.		Cobicistat is classified here.
J06	IMMUNE SERA AND IMMUNOGLOBULINS	J6	SERA AND GAMMA-GLOBULIN

J06A	IMMUNE SERA	J6A	ANTITOXIC SERA
J06B	IMMUNOGLOBULINS	J6C	POLYVALENT IMMUNO-GLOBULINS - INTRAVENOUS
		+	
		J6D	HOMOLOGOUS IMMUNOLOGICALLY ACTIVE GLOBULINS -
		+	INTRAVENOUS
		J6E	POLYVALENT IMMUNO-GLOBULINS - INTRAMUSCULAR
		+	
		J6F	POLYVALENT IMMUNO-GLOBULINS – COMBINATION
		+	MODULATION - MAINLY INTRAMUSCULAR
		J6G	SPECIFIC IMMUNOGLOBULINS - ANTIBACTERIAL
		+	
		Ј6Н	SPECIFIC IMMUNOGLOBULINS - ANTIVIRAL
		+	
		Ј6Ј	OTHER SPECIFIC IMMUNOGLOBULINS
J07	VACCINES	J 7	VACCINES
J07A	BACTERIAL VACCINES	J7D	BACTERIAL VACCINES
	Also includes combinations of bacterial vaccines.		➤ Includes vaccines against one bacterial group. All combinations acting against more than one group of virus or bacteria are classified in J7B.
J07B	VIRAL VACCINES	J7 E	VIRAL VACCINES
	Also includes combinations of viral vaccines.		

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
			➤ Includes vaccines against one viral group. All combinations acting against more than one group of virus or bacteria are classified in J7B.
J07C	BACTERIAL AND VIRAL VACCINES, COMBINED	J7B	COMBINATIONS OF VACCINES
	Bacterial vaccines combinations and viral vaccines combination are classified J07A and J07B respectively.		All combinations of bacterial and viral vaccines are classified here.
J07X	OTHER VACCINES	J7X	ALL OTHER VACCINE —LIKE PRODUCTS
*		J8	OTHER ANTI-INFECTIVES
	Parenteral imidazole formulations are classified in J01X D.		> Parenteral imidazole formulations are classified here in J8B.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
L	ANTINEOPLASTIC AND IMMUNOMODULATING AGENTS	L	ANTINEOPLASTIC AND IMMUNOMODULATING AGENTS
L01	ANTINEOPLASTIC AGENTS	L1	CYTOSTATICS
L01A	ALKYLATING AGENTS	L1A	ALKYLATING AGENTS
	Altretamine is classified in L01X.		Altretamine is classified here.
L01B	ANTIMETABOLITES	L1B	ANTIMETABOLITES
	Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A.		➤ Methotrexate is classified in D5B, M1C and L01B.
L01C	PLANT ALKALOIDS AND OTHER NATURAL PRODUCTS	L1C	PLANT-BASED ANTINEOPLASTICS
	➤ Irinotecan and topotecan are classified in L01X X.		Irinotecan and topotecan are classified here.
	Products for cancer containing omacetaxine mepisuccinate are classified in L01X X		Products for cancer containing omacetaxine mepisuccinate are classified here.
L01D	CYTOTOXIC ANTIBIOTICS AND RELATED SUBSTANCES	L1D	CYTOSTATIC ANTINEOPLASTICS
	➤ Gemtuzumab ozogamicin is classified in L01X.		Gemtuzumab ozogamicin is classified here.
L01X	OTHER ANTINEOPLASTIC AGENTS	L1X	ALL OTHER ANTINEOPLASTICS
	Altretamine is classified here.		➤ Altretamine is classified in L1A.
	Alitretinoin is classified in D11A.		➤ Irinotecan and topotecan are classified in L1C.
	➤ Irinotecan and topotecan are classified here in L01X X.	· ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	➤ Ibritumomab tiuxetan, tositumomab and iodine (131I) tositumomab are classified in V10X.		tositumomab are classified here.
L01X A	Platinum compounds	L1F	PLATINUM ANTINEOPLASTICS

L01X B	Methylhydrazines	L1X9	All other antineoplastics
L01X C	Monoclonal Antibodies➤ Gemtuzumab is classified here.➤ Alemtuzumab is classified in L04A A.	L1G	 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY ANTINEOPLASTICS ➤ Gemtuzumab ozogamicin is are classified in L1D. ➤ Alemtuzumab is also classified in N7X.
L01X D	Agents used in photodynamic therapy	*	➤ These products are classified in L1X9
L01X E	Protein kinase inhibitors	L1H	PROTEIN KINASE INHIBITOR ANTINEOPLASTICS
L01X X	Other antineoplastic agents Sipuleucel-T is classified in L03X A. Aflibercept for metastatic colorectal cancer is classified here and for macular degeneration is classified in S01L; and c. Products for cancer containing omacetaxine mepisuccinate are classified here.	L1X1 + L1X9	 Adjuvant preparations for cancer therapy Alitretinoin is classified here when indicated to treat cutaneous lesions in Kaposi's sarcoma and in D5X when indicated for the treatment of eczema. All other antineoplastics Sipuleucel-T is classified here. Aflibercept is classified here and in S1P. Products for cancer containing omacetaxine mepisuccinate are classified in L1C.
L02	ENDOCRINE THERAPY	L2	CYTOSTATIC HORMONE THERAPY
L02A	HORMONES AND RELATED AGENTS	L2A	CYTOSTATIC HORMONES
L02A A	Estrogens	L2A1	Cytostatic oestrogens
L02A B	Progestogens	L2A2	Cytostatic progestogens
L02A E	Gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues Histrelin is classified here.	L2A3	Cytostatic gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues Histrelin is classified here and in H1C1.

L03A C + Interleukins +

EphMRA (Product based)

All other immunostimulating agents excluding interferons

L02A X	Other Hormones	L2A9	Other cytostatic hormones
L02B	HORMONE ANTAGONISTS AND RELATED AGENTS	L2B	CYTOSTATIC HORMONE ANTAGONISTS
L02B A	Anti-estrogens	L2B1	Cytostatic anti-estrogens
	Fulvestrant is classified here.		> Fulvestrant is classified in L2B9.
L02B B	Anti-androgens	L2B2	Cytostatic anti-androgens
	All plain cyproterone preparations (and combinations of cyproterone and estrogen) regardless of indication are classified here.		Plain cyproterone preparations are classified here and in G3X depending on indication.
	Abiraterone is classified in L02B X.		➤ Abiraterone is classified here.
L02B G	Aromatase inhibitors	L2B3	Cytostatic aromatase inhibitors
L02B X	Other hormone antagonists and related agents	L2B9	Other cytostatic hormone antagonists
	Abiraterone is classified here.		➤ Abiraterone is classified in L2B2.
	Fulvestrant is classified in L02B A.		Fulvestrant is classified here.
L03	IMMUNOSTIMULANTS	L3	IMMUNOMODULATING AGENTS
L03A	IMMUNOSTIMULANTS	L3A	IMMUNOSTIMULATING AGENTS, EXCL. INTERFERONS
	Levamisole is classified in P02C E.		Levamizole, when indicated as immunostimulant, is classified here.
L03A A	Colony stimulating factors	L3A1	COLONY STIMULATING FACTORS

L3A9

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
L03A X	Other cytokines and immunomodulators Sipuleucel-T is classified here.		➤ Sipuleucel-T is classified in L1X9.
L03A B	INTERFERONS	L3B	 INTERFERONS Interferons indicated for viral hepatitis only are classified in J5B Interferons indicated for multiple sclerosis only are classified in N7A.
L04	IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS	L4	IMMUNOSUPPRESSIVE AGENTS
L04A	IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS	+	
L04A A	 Selective immunosupressants Alefacept is classified here. Abatacept, alemtuzumab, apremilast, leflunomide, tocilizumab are classified here. Vedolizumab is classified here. Fingolimod is classified here. Baricitinib is classified here. Natalizumab and ocrelizumab are classified here. 	Included in L4X	 Alefacept is classified in D5B. Abatacept, leflunomide and tocilizumab are classified in M1C. Alemtuzumab is classified in L1G and N7A. Vedolizumab is classified in A7E Fingolimod when indicated for multiple sclerosis only is classified in N7A. Baricitinib is classified in M1C. Natalizumab and ocrelizumab are classified in N7A.
L04A B	TNF-a inhibitors	L4B	ANTI-TNF PRODUCTS
L04A C	 Interleukin inhibitors Ixekizumab is classified here. Anakinra, secukinumab, ustekinumab, and daclizumab are classified here. 	L4C	 INTERLEUKIN INHIBITORS Ustekinumab and secukinumab when indicated for psoriasis alone are classified in D5B. Ixekizumab is classified here and in D5B. Anakinra is classified in M1C.

conditions is classified in N7A.

Calcineurin inhibitors L04A D

> Calcineurin inhibitors when indicated for prevention of organ rejection are classified in L4X.

Other immunosuppressants L04A X

- ➤ Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A X.
- > Thalidomide is classified here.

OTHER IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS L4X

- Methotrexate is classified in D5B, M1C and L01B.
- > Thalidomide, when used for lepra is classified in J4B, otherwise it is classified here.

> Daclizumab when indicated for use in kidney transplantation is classified here. Daclizumab for multiple sclerosis and other

*

WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM	M	MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM
ANTIINFLAMMATORY AND ANTIRHEUMATIC PRODUCTS	M1	ANTIINFLAMMATORY AND ANTI-RHEUMATIC PRODUCTS
ANTIINFLAMMATORY and ANTIRHEUMATIC PRODUCTS,	M1A	ANTI-RHEUMATIC, NON STEROIDAL
 NON STEROIDS This group comprises antiinflammatory preparations for systemic use, regardless of strength. 		Anti-inflammatory analgesics used for both musculo-skeletal conditions and analgesia are classified in M1A. Those that are indicated mainly for general pains are in N2B.
Mefenamic acid is classified here.		➤ Mefenamic acid is classified in N2B.
Ketorolac is classified here.		Ketorolac is classified in N2B.
Chondroitin, Diacerein and Glucosamine are classified here.		Chondroitin, Diacerein and Glucosamine are classified in M5X.
ANTIINFLAMMATORY/ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENTS IN COMBINATION		
Antiinflammatory/antirheumatic agents in combination with corticosteroids	M1B	ANTI-RHEUMATIC CORTICOSTEROID COMBINATIONS
SPECIFIC ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENTS	M1C	SPECIFIC ANTI-RHEUMATIC AGENTS
Chloroquine is classified in P01B.		Chloroquine is classified here and in P1D.
Anakinra, abatacept, leflunomide, baricitinib, and tocilizumab are classified in L04A.		➤ Anakinra, abatacept, baricitinib, leflunomide and tocilizumab are classified here.
➤ Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A.		➤ Methotrexate is classified in D5B, M1C and L01B.
TOPICAL PRODUCTS FOR JOINT AND MUSCULAR PAIN	M2	TOPICAL ANTI-RHEUMATICS AND ANALGESICS
TOPICAL PRODUCTS FOR JOINT AND MUSCULAR PAIN	M2A	TOPICAL ANTI-RHEUMATICS AND ANALGESICS
➤ Bendazac is classified here.		➤ Bendazac is classified in D3A.
	MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM ANTIINFLAMMATORY AND ANTIRHEUMATIC PRODUCTS ANTIINFLAMMATORY and ANTIRHEUMATIC PRODUCTS, NON STEROIDS This group comprises antiinflammatory preparations for systemic use, regardless of strength. Mefenamic acid is classified here. Ketorolac is classified here. Chondroitin, Diacerein and Glucosamine are classified here. ANTIINFLAMMATORY/ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENTS IN COMBINATION Antiinflammatory/antirheumatic agents in combination with corticosteroids SPECIFIC ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENTS Chloroquine is classified in P01B. Anakinra, abatacept, leflunomide, baricitinib, and tocilizumab are classified in L04A. Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A. TOPICAL PRODUCTS FOR JOINT AND MUSCULAR PAIN TOPICAL PRODUCTS FOR JOINT AND MUSCULAR PAIN	MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM ANTIINFLAMMATORY AND ANTIRHEUMATIC PRODUCTS ANTIINFLAMMATORY and ANTIRHEUMATIC PRODUCTS, NON STEROIDS This group comprises antiinflammatory preparations for systemic use, regardless of strength. Mefenamic acid is classified here. Ketorolac is classified here. Chondroitin, Diacerein and Glucosamine are classified here. ANTIINFLAMMATORY/ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENTS IN COMBINATION Antiinflammatory/antirheumatic agents in combination with corticosteroids SPECIFIC ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENTS Chloroquine is classified in P01B. Anakinra, abatacept, leflunomide, baricitinib, and tocilizumab are classified in L04A. Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A. TOPICAL PRODUCTS FOR JOINT AND MUSCULAR PAIN M2A

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
	 Bufexamac is classified here. Chymotrypsin is classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes. Tolperisone is classified here. 		 Bufexamac is also classified in D4A. Nimesulide in throat preparations is also classified in R2A. Chymotrypsin is classified here or in A9A, C5B, D3A and V3H depending on indications. Tolperisone is classified in M3B.
M03	MUSCLE RELAXANTS	М3	MUSCLE RELAXANTS
M03A	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, PERIPHERALLY ACTING AGENTS Dantrolene is classified in M03C.	МЗА	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, PERIPHERALLY ACTING Dantrolene is classified here.
M03B	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, CENTRALLY ACTING AGENTS	МЗВ	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, CENTRALLY ACTING Tolperisone is classified here.
M03C	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, DIRECTLY ACTING AGENTS Dantrolene is classified here.	*	Dantrolene is classified in M3A.
M04	ANTI-GOUT PREPARATIONS	M4	ANTI-GOUT PREPARATIONS
M04A	ANTI-GOUT PREPARATIONS	M4A	ANTI-GOUT PREPARATIONS
M5	DRUGS FOR TREATMENT OF BONE DISEASES	M5	OTHER DRUGS FOR DISORDERS OF THE MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM
M05B →	DRUGS AFFECTING BONE STRUCTURE AND MINERALIZATION Eptotermin alfa is classified here. Dibotermin alfa is classified here.	M5B	BONE CALCIUM REGULATORS ➤ Eptotermin alfa is classified in M5X. ➤ Dibotermin alfa is classified in M5X.
M09 M09A	OTHER DRUGS FOR DISORDERS OF THE MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM	*	

EphMRA (Product based)

OTHER DRUGS FOR DISORDERS OF THE MUSCULO-
SKELETAL SYSTEM

M09A A Quinine and DERIVATES

+

- M09A X Other drugs for disorders of the Musculo-skeletal system
 - > Eptotermin alfa is classified in M05B.
 - ➤ Dibotermin alfa is classified in M05B
- M09A B Enzymes
 - ➤ Bromelains is classified in B06A A.
 - > Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes.

Included in M5X

ALL OTHER MUSCULOSKELETEL PRODUCTS

- > Eptotermin alfa is classified here.
- ➤ Dibotermin alfa is classified here.
- V3H ANTI INFLAMMATORY ENZYMES
 - ➤ Bromelains is classified here or, in A9A and D3A depending on indications.
 - ➤ Chymotrypsin is classified here or in A9A, C5B, D3A and M2A depending on indications.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
N	NERVOUS SYSTEM	N	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM
N01	ANESTHETICS	N1	ANAESTHETICS
N01A	ANESTHETICS, GENERAL	N1A	ANAESTHETICS, GENERAL
	Droperidol is classified in N5A.		 Phenoperidine and anileridine are classified in N2A. Droperidol is classified here or in N2A or N5A.
N01B	ANESTHETICS, LOCAL	N1B	ANAESTHETIC LOCAL
	Capsicum for neuropathic pain is classified here, otherwise it is in M02A.		Topical capsicum is classified in M2A or, when used for neuropathic pain, in N7X.
N02	ANALGESICS	N2	ANALGESICS
•	 All antiinflammatory products are classified in M01A, regardless of strength. 		Anti-inflammatory analgesics used for both musculo-skeletal conditions and analgesia are classified in M01A. Those that are indicated mainly for general pains are in N2B.
	Analgesic/cold preparations are classified here intended for use as pain relief.		 Analgesic/cold preparations are classified in R5A.
	➤ Analgesics indicated for dysmenorrhea are classified here.		Products specifically indicated for dysmenorrhea are classified in G2X1.
N02A	OPIOIDS	N2A	NARCOTICS
\Rightarrow	➤ This classification is based solely on substances, not on legal status.		➤ Includes all analgesics classified as narcotics in accordance with the <u>legal definition of narcotic analgesics in each country.</u>
	Dihydrocodeine is classified here.		Dihydrocodeine is classified in N2B.
	Droperidol is classified in N5A.		➤ Droperidol is classified here, or in N1A or N5A.
N02B	OTHER ANALGESICS AND ANTIPYRETICS	N2B	NON-NARCOTICS AND ANTI-PYRETICS
-	Cannabinoids (cannabidiol and tetrahydrocannabinol) are classified here.		Cannabinoids (cannabidiol and tetrahydrocannabinol), used for refractory spasticity, are classified in N7X.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
N02C	 ANTIMIGRAINE PREPARATIONS Dihydroergotamine which is also used in the treatment of hypotension, is classified in this group. Pizotifen is classified here. Lisuride (low dose) is classified here and in G02C (high dose). Flumedroxone is classified here. Indoramin is classified in C02. 	N2C	 ANTI MIGRAINE PREPARATIONS Dihydroergotamine is classified here and also in C1C1. Pizotifen is classified here and in A15. Lisuride is classified in N4A. Flumedroxone is classified in G3D. Indoramin is classified here and in C2.
N03	ANTIEPILEPTICS	N3	ANTI-EPILEPTICS
N03A	ANTIEPILEPTICS	N3A	ANTI-EPILEPTICS
N04A N04A + N04B	ANTI-PARKINSON DRUGS ANTICHOLINERGIC AGENTS DOPAMINERGIC AGENTS Lisuride is classified in N02C and in G02C.	N4	ANTI-PARKINSON DRUGS ➤ Lisuride is classified here.
N05	PSYCHOLEPTICS	N5	PSYCHOLEPTICS
	The group is divided into therapeutic subgroups: N05A – Antipsychotics N05B – Anxiolytics N05C – Hypnotics and sedatives		The group is divided into therapeutic subgroups: N5A – Antipsychotics N5B – Hypnotic/Sedatives N5C – Tranquilizers
N05A	ANTIPSYCHOTICS → Lithium is classified here. → Droperidol is classified here.	N5A	ANTIPSYCHOTICS ➤ Lithium is classified in N6A. ➤ Droperidol is classified here, or in N1A or N2A.

N05B	ANXIOLYTICS	N5C	TRANQUILLISERS
1103B	 Mebutamate is classified here. 	1130	 Mebutamate is classified in C2A.
	 Mefenoxalone is classified here. 		Metenoxalone is classified in M3B.
			 Mebicar is classified here.
N05C	HYPNOTICS AND SEDATIVES	N5B	HYPNOTICS / SEDATIVES
	Melatonin is classified here.		Melatonin (plain) indicated for sleep rhythm disturbances is classified in H4X. Prolonged-release melatonin indicated for primary insomnia is classified here.
N06	PSYCHOANALEPTICS	N6	PSYCHOANALEPTICS EXCL. ANTI-OBESITY PREPARATIONS
N06A	ANTIDEPRESSANTS	N6A	ANTI-DEPRESSANTS AND MOOD STABILISERS
	Lithium is classified in N05A.		Lithium is classified here.
	Ademetionine is in A16A.		Ademetionine is classified here.
	Bupropion is classified here.		➤ Bupropion is classified here and in N7B.
N06B	PSYCHOSTIMULANTS, AGENTS USED FOR ADHD AND	N6B	PSYCHOSTIMULANTS
	NOOTROPICS		> Dexamfetamine and metamfetamine are classified here and in A8
	Dexamfetamine and metamfetamine are classified here.		Plain caffeine is classified in C1C1.
	Caffeine is classified here.		Citicoline is classified in C4A.
	Citicoline is classified here.	+	Mebicar is classified in N5C.
	Atomoxetine is classified here.		➤ Atomoxetine is classified in N7X.
	Mebicar is classified here.		
		N6D	NOOTROPICS
		+	Citicoline is classified in C4A.
		N6E	NEUROTONICS AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
N06C	PSYCHOLEPTICS AND PSYCHOANALEPTICS IN COMBINATION	N6C	PSYCHOLEPTIC-PSYCHOANALEPTIC COMBINATIONS
N06D	ANTI-DEMENTIA DRUGS	N7D	ANTI-ALZHEIMER PRODUCTS
	> Ipidacrine is classified here.		➤ Ipidacrine is classified in N7X.
N07	OTHER NERVOUS SYSTEM DRUG	N7	OTHER CNS DRUGS
N07A	PARASYMPATHOMIMETICS	*	OTHER CNS DRUGS
	➤ Nalorphine, naltrexone, naloxone and flumazenil are classified in V03A.	Included in N7X	➤ Nalorphine, naltrexone, naloxone, flumazenil, and ipidacrine are classified in N7X.
	Cevimeline is classified here.	11/11	Cevimeline is classified in A01A.
	➤ Alemtuzumab is classified in L04A A.		Alemtuzumab when indicated for multiple sclerosis is classified here.
N07B	DRUGS USED IN ADDICTIVE DISORDERS		
N07B A	Drugs used in nicotine dependence	N7B	ANTISMOKING PRODUCTS
	Bupropion is classified in N6A.		➤ Bupropion is classified here and in N6A (antidepressant).
N07B B	Drugs used in alcohol dependence	N7E	DRUGS USED IN ALCOHOL DEPENDENCE
	 Nalmefene is classified here. 		➤ Nalmefene is also classified in N7X.
N07B C	Drugs used in opioid dependence	N7F	DRUGS USED IN OPIOID DEPENDENCE
N07C	ANTIVERTIGO PREPARATIONS	N7C	ANTIVERTIGO PREPARATIONS

N7A

MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS PRODUCTS

> Natalizumab and ocrelizumab are classified here.

*

WHO (Substance based)

- Natalizumab and ocrelizumab are classified in L04AA.
- Alemtuzumab, fingolimod, and terflunomide are classified in L04AA.
- Daclizumab is classified in L04A C.

- ➤ Daclizumab is classified here, except when indicated for kidney transplantation when it is classified in L4C.
- Alemtuzumab, dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, laquinimod, teriflunomide, etc when indicated for multiple sclerosis are classified here.
- > Beta interferons indicated for multiple sclerosis only are classified here.
- Fampridine is classified in N7X.

N07X OTHER NERVOUS SYSTEM DRUGS

- Sugammadex is classified in V03A B here.
- > Topical capsicum, when used for neuropathic pain, is classified in N01B.
- Cannabinoids (cannabidiol and tetrahydrocannabinol) are classified in N02B.

N7X ALL OTHER CNS DRUGS

- > Sugammadex is classified here.
- > Topical capsicum, when used for neuropathic pain, is classified here.
- > Cannabinoids (cannabidiol and tetrahydrocannabinol) are classified here.
- Ipidacrine is classified here.
- Nalmefene is also classified in N7E.
- ➤ Pilocarpine when indicated for dry mouth and dry eye are classified here.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
P	ANTIPARASITIC PRODUCTS, INSECTICIDES AND REPELLENTS	P	PARASITOLOGY
	This group is subdivided according to types of parasites		
P01	ANTIPROTOZOALS	P1	ANTI-PARASITIC PRODUCTS
P01A	AGENTS AGAINST AMOEBIASIS AND OTHER PROTOZOAL	P1A	AMOEBICIDES
	DISEASES ➤ Systemic metronidazole is classified here and in J01X D.		➤ Nitroimidazole derivatives are classified either in G1A or J8B.
			 Clioquinol, chlorquinaldol, tribroquinol and glycobiarsol are
	Clioquinol, chlorquinaldol, tilbroquinol and glycobiarsol are classified here.		classified in A7A.
P01B	ANTI-MALARIALS	P1D	ANTI-MALARIALS
	Chloroquine and hydroxychloroquine are classified here.		Chloroquine and hydroxychloroquine are classified here and in M1C.
P01C	AGENTS AGAINST LEISHMANIASIS AND TRYPANOSOMIASIS	P1G	OTHER ANTI-PARASITIC AGENTS
P02	ANTHELMINTICS	P1C	SCHISTOSOMICIDES
\Rightarrow		\Rightarrow	
		+	
	The anthelmintics are subdivided according to the main type of worms (i.e. trematodes, nematodes and cestodes) causing the infections.	P1B	ANTHELMINTICS, EXCL. SCHISTOSOMICIDES
	 Levamisole is classified here. 		Levamisole is classified here in L3A.
	 Ivermectin is classified in here and in D11A. 		Ivermectin is classified in here and in P3A, depending on indication.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
P03	ECTOPARASITICIDES, INCL. SCABICIDES, INSECTISIDES AND REPELLENTS	Р3	ECTOPARASITICIDES, INCL. SCABICIDES, INSECTISIDES AND REPELLENTS
P03A	ECTOPARASITICIDES, INCL. SCABICIDES > Ivermectin is classified in P02C and D11A.	P3A	ECTOPARASITICIDES, incl. SCABICIDES > Ivermectin is classified here and in P1B, depending on indication.
P03B	INSECTICIDES AND REPELLENTS ➤ Dimethylphthalate is classified here.	P3B	INSECTICIDES AND REPELLENTS ➤ Dimethylphthalate is classified in D4A.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
R	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	R	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM
R01	NASAL PREPARATIONS	R1	NASAL PREPARATIONS
R01A	DECONGESTANTS AND OTHER NASAL PREPARATIONS FOR TOPICAL USE	R01A	TOPICAL NASAL PREPARATIONS
R01B	NASAL DECONGESTANTS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	R1B	SYSTEMIC NASAL PREPARATIONS
R02	THROAT PREPARATIONS	R2	THROAT PREPARATIONS
R02A	THROAT PREPARATIONS	R2A	THROAT PREPARATIONS
	Preparations for the treatment of throat infections (lozenges for common cold condition) are classified here.		➤ Products indicated for both the posterior part of the mouth and throat infections are classified in R2A or A1A depending on the main indication.
			➤ Nimesulide in throat preparations is also here.
R03	DRUGS FOR OBSTRUCTIVE AIRWAY DISEASES	R3	ANTI-ASTHMA AND COPD PRODUCTS
	This group is harmonized on the second level.		
	Alfa 1 antitrypsin (alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor) is classified in		Alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor (alfa 1 antitrypsin) is classified here.
	B02A.		Azelastine is classified here.
	Azelastine is classified in R06A.		Ketotifen is classified here.
	Ketotifen is classified in R06A.		> Terfenadine (Japan only) is classified here, in all other countries
	➤ Terfenadine is classified in R06A.		in R6A.
*		R4	CHEST RUBS AND OTHER INHALANTS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
R05	COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS	R5	COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS
-	Cold preparations with therapeutic levels of antiinfectives should be classified in ATC group J – Antiinfectives for systemic use.		 COUGH/COLD PREPARATIONS WITH ANTI-INFECTIVES (R5B) COLD PREPARATIONS WITHOUT ANTI-INFECTIVES
	Cold preparations with therapeutic levels of analgesics/antiinflammatory agents should be classified in the respective N02/M01 groups.		(R5A)
R05C	EXPECTORANTS, EXCL. COMBINATIONS WITH COUGH SUPPRESSANTS	R5C	EXPECTORANTS
R05D	COUGH SUPPRESSANTS, EXCL. COMBINATIONS WITH	R5D	ANTITUSSIVES
	EXPECTORANTSCough suppressants with expectorants are in R05F.		➤ Cough suppressants combination preparations are here in R5D2.
+ R05F	COUGH SUPPRESSANTS AND EXPECTORANTS, COMBINATIONS	R5F	 OTHER COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS This group includes combinations without clearly expectorating or antitussive effect, expectorant teas and lozenges / medical sweets for cough.
R05X	OTHER COLD PREPARATIONS	*	
R06	ANTIHISTAMINES FOR SYSTEMIC USE	R6	SYSTEMIC ANTIHISTAMINES
R06A	ANTIHISTAMINES FOR SYSTEMIC USE	R6A	SYSTEMIC ANTIHISTAMINES
	> Antihistamines for systemic use are classified here.		> Antihistamines used in motion sickness are classified in A4A.
	Cyproheptadine is classified here.		Cyproheptadine is also classified in A15.
	Thiethylperazine is classified here.		➤ Thiethylperazine is classified in A4A.
	> Azelastine and ketotifen are classified here.		Azelastine and ketotifen are classified in R3C.
R07	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS	R7	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS

WHO (Substance based)			EphMRA (Product based)
R07A	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS		
R07A A	LUNG SURFACTANTS	R7C	LUNG SURFACTANTS
R07A B	RESPIRATORY STIMULANTS	R7A	RESPIRATORY STIMULANTS
R07A X	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS	R7X	ALL OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS

S	SENSORY ORGANS	S	SENSORY ORGANS
S01	OPHTHALMOLOGICALS	S1	OPHTHALMOLOGICALS
S01A	ANTIINFECTIVES	S1A	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL ANTI-INFECTIVES
CO1 A D	Autivinolo	+ C1D	ODUTUAL MOLOCICAL ANTIVIDAL ACENTS
S01A D	Antivirals	S1D	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL ANTIVIRAL AGENTS
S01B	ANTIINFLAMMATORY AGENTS	S1B	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL CORTICOSTEROIDS
		+	
S01B C	Antiinflammatory agents, non-steroids	S1R	OPHTHALMIC NONSTEROIDAL ANTIINFLAMMATORIES
S01C	ANTIINFLAMMATORY AGENTS AND ANTIINFECTIVES IN	S1C	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL ANTI-
	COMBINATION		INFLAMMATORY/ANTIINFECTIVE COMBINATIONS
S01E	ANTIGLAUCOMA PREPARATIONS AND MIOTICS	S1E	MIOTICS AND ANTIGLAUCOMA PREPARATIONS
S01F	MYDRIATICS AND CYCLOPLEGICS	S1F	MYDRIATICS AND CYCLOPLEGICS
S01G	DECONGESTANTS AND ANTIALLERGICS	S1G	OCULAR ANTI-ALLERGICS, DECONGESTANTS,
			ANTISEPTICS
S01H	LOCAL ANESTHETICS	S1H	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL LOCAL ANESTHETICS
S01J	DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS	S1T	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS
S01K	SURGICAL AIDS	S1S	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SURGICAL AIDS
S1L	ANTINEOVASCULARISATION AGENTS	S1P	OCULAR ANTINEOVASCULARISATION PRODUCTS
	➤ Aflibercept for macular degeneration is classified here, and for metastatic colorectal cancer in L1X X		➤ Aflibercept is classified here and in L1X.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
*		S1K	ARTIFICIAL TEARS AND OCULAR LUBRICANTS
*		S1L	PREPARATIONS FOR USE WITH CONTACT LENSES
*		S1M	EYE TONICS and EYE VITAMINS
*		S1N	PREPARATIONS TO PREVENT CATARACT AND ANTICATARACTOGENICS
S01X	OTHER OPHTHALMOLOGICALS	S1X	OTHER OPHTHALMOLOGICALS
S02	OTOLOGICALS	S2	OTOLOGICALS
S02A	ANTIINFECTIVES	S2A	OTIC ANTI-INFECTIVES
S02B	CORTICOSTEROIDS	S2B	OTIC CORTICOSTEROIDS
S02C	CORTICOSTEROIDS AND ANTIINFECTIVES IN COMBINATION	S2C	OTIC CORTICOSTEROID/ANTIINFECTIVE COMBINATIONS
S02D	OTHER OTOLOGICALS	S2D	OTHER OTOLOGICALS
S03	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL AND OTOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	S3	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL/OTOLOGICAL COMBINATIONS

S3A

S₃B

S3C

EYE/EAR ANTI-INFECTIVES

EYE/EAR CORTICOSTEROIDS

EYE/EAR CORTICOSTEROID/ANTI-INFECTIVE COMBI.

S03A

S03B

S03C

ANTIINFECTIVES

CORTICOSTEROIDS

CORTICOSTEROIDS AND ANTIINFECTIVES IN COMB.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
S03D	OTHER OPHTHALMOLOGICAL AND OTOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	S3D	OTHER EYE/EAR COMBINATIONS

V	VARIOUS	v	VARIOUS
V01	ALLERGENS	V1	ALLERGENS
V01A	ALLERGENS	V1A	ALLERGENS
V03	ALL OTHER THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS	V3	ALL OTHER THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS
V03A	ALL OTHER THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS	V3A	*
V03A B	ANTIDOTES ➤ Zinc acetate is classified in A16A. ➤ Sugammadex is classified here. ➤ Plain phentolamine as an antidote is classified here. ➤ Idarucizumab is classified here.	V3E	 ANTIDOTES Zinc acetate is classified here when indicated for Wilson's disease. Sugammadex is classified in N7X. Phentolamine for erectile dysfunction is in G4E. Phentolamine when used as an antidote is classified in V3X. Idarucizumab is classified in B2B9.
V03A C	IRON CHELATING AGENTS	V3F	IRON-CHELATING AGENTS
V03A E	DRUGS FOR THE TREATMENT OF HYPERKALEMIA AND HYPERPHOSPHATEMIA ➤ Colestilan is classified here. ➤ Calcium acetate is classified here. ➤ Other plain calcium products are classified in A12A.	V3G	 HYPERKALAEMIA/HYPERPHOSPHATEMIA PRODUCTS Colestilan is also classified in C10A. Calcium-containing products indicated for hyperphosphatemia and calcium deficiency are classified here.
V03A F	DETOXIFYING AGENTS FOR ANTINEOPLASTIC TREATMENT	V3D	DETOXIFYING AGENTS FOR ANTINEOPLASTIC TREATMENT
V03A G – V03A Z	 Nalfurafine is classified in V03A X. Phentolamine when used as an antidote/reversal agent is classified in V03A B. 	V3X	 ALL OTHER THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS Nalfurafine is classified in D4A. Phentolamine when used as an antidote is classified here.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
	 Trypsin is classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes. Cobicistat is classified in V03AX. 		 Trypsin is classified here or in A9A and V3H depending on indications. Cobicistat is classified in J5C9.
V04	DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS	* T	DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS

V04B	URINE TESTS	T2C	PREGNANCY AND OVULATION TESTS
		T2D1	Diabetes tests, urine
		T2X1	All other diagnostic tests, urine
V04C	OTHER DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS	T2X2 +	All other diagnostic tests, blood
		T2X9	All other diagnostic tests
V04C A	Tests for diabetes	T2D2 +	Diabetes tests, blood
		T2D9	Diabetes tests, other
*		Т3	DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES
V06	GENERAL NUTRIENTS	V6	DIETETIC AGENTS
V06A	DIET FORMULATIONS FOR TREATMENT OF OBESITY	V6A	SLIMMING PREPARATIONS
V06B	PROTEIN SUPPLEMENTS	V6B	PROTEIN SUPPLEMENTS
V06C	INFANT FORMULAS	V6C	INFANT FORMULAS
V06D	OTHER NUTRIENTS	V6D	OTHER NUTRIENTS
V07	ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS	V7	ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS
V07A	ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS	V7A	ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS
V08	CONTRAST MEDIA	*	Classified in group T
V08A	X-RAY CONTRAST MEDIA, IODINATED	T1A +	LOW OSMOLAR ANGIO-UROGRAPHY
	THE CONTRIBUTION, TODAY TELE		

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
		T1D	CHOLECYSTOGRAPHY AND CHOLANGIOGRAPHY
V08B	X.RAY CONTRAST MEDIA, NON-IODINATED	T1C	GASTROENTEROGRAPHY
V08C	MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING CONTRAST MEDIA	T1E	MRI AGENTS
V08D	ULRASOUND CONTRAST MEDIA	*	
		T1F	ULTRASOUND AGENTS
		T1X	OTHER IMAGING AGENTS
V09	DIAGNOSTIC RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS	*	Classified in group T
		T1G	RADIODIAGNOSTIC AGENTS
V10	THERAPEUTIC RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS	V3C	RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS
	➤ Ibritumomab tiuxetan, tositumomab and iodine (131I)		➤ Ibritumomab tiuxetan, tositumomab and iodine (131I)
	tositumomab are classified here.		tositumomab are classified in L1X.
V20	SURGICAL DRESSINGS	*	